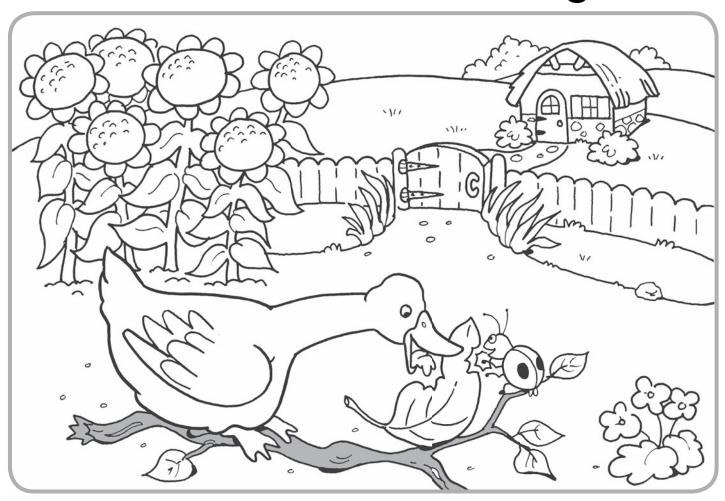
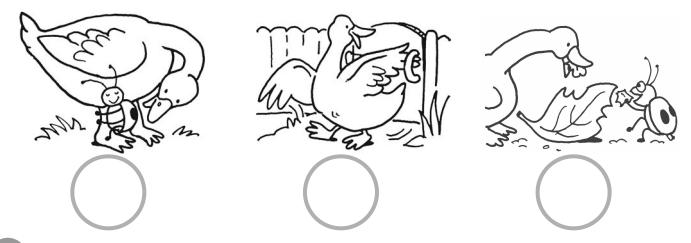
Story Comprehension

Gg

Miss Goose and Miss Bug



Number the pictures in order.



WEEK 3

DAY 2

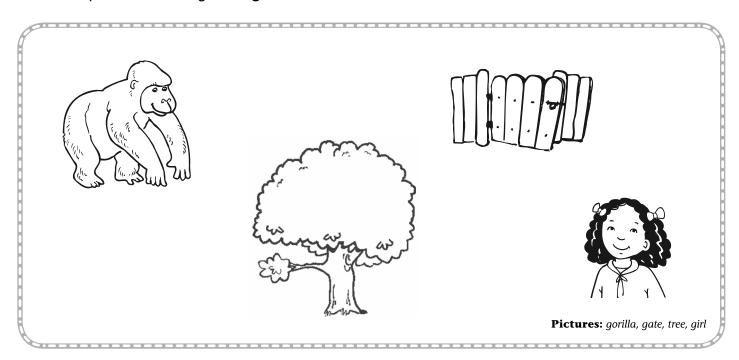
Initial Sound: Gg

Listen for It!

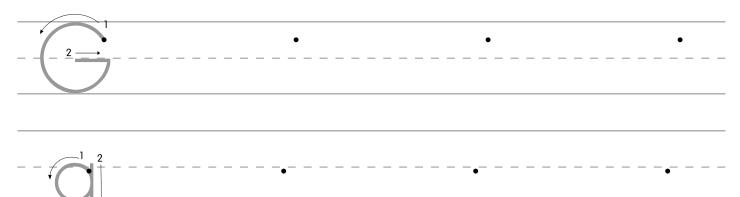


goose

Circle the pictures that begin like goose.



Trace and write the letters.



Read the sentence. Circle the word **goose**.

I like the goose.

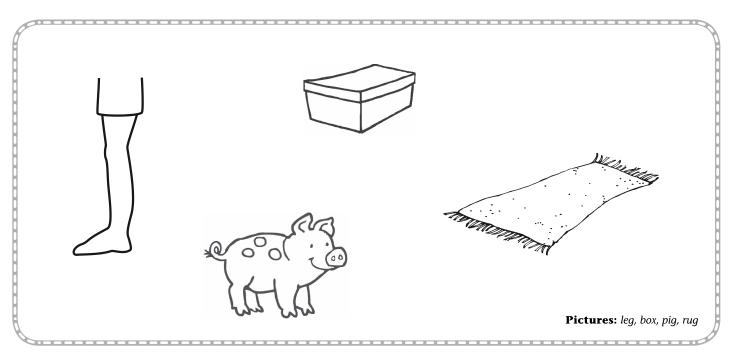


Final Sound: Gg

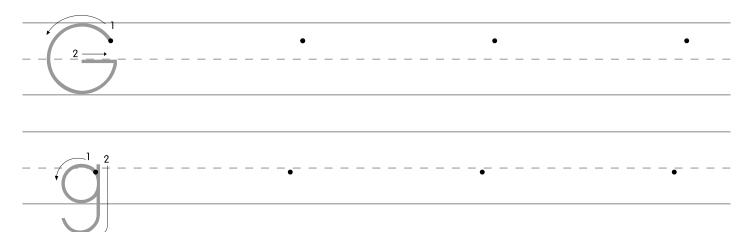
Listen for It!



Circle the pictures that \underline{end} like \underline{bug} .



Trace and write the letters.



Read the sentence. Circle the word bug.

I like the bug.



Initial and Final Sound: Gg

Read It!

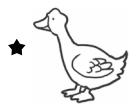
Read the sentence.

Draw a line to the correct picture.

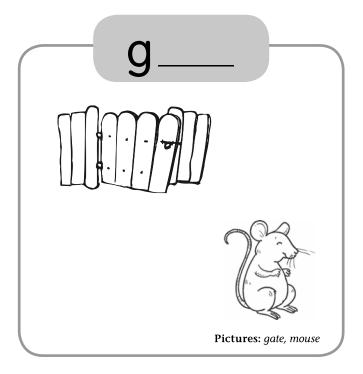
I like the goose.



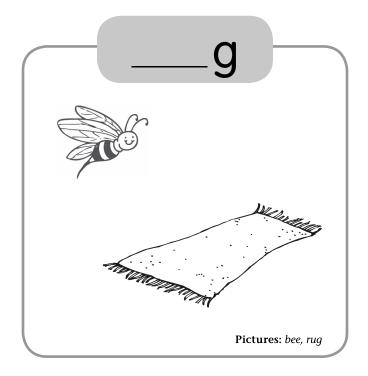
I like the bug.



Circle the picture that begins with *lgl*.



Circle the picture that ends with Igl.



Listen for the Sound of Gg

Circle the pictures that begin with the same sound as goose.

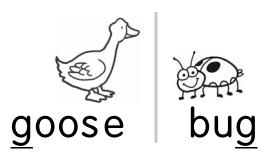
Underline the pictures that end with the same sound as bug.

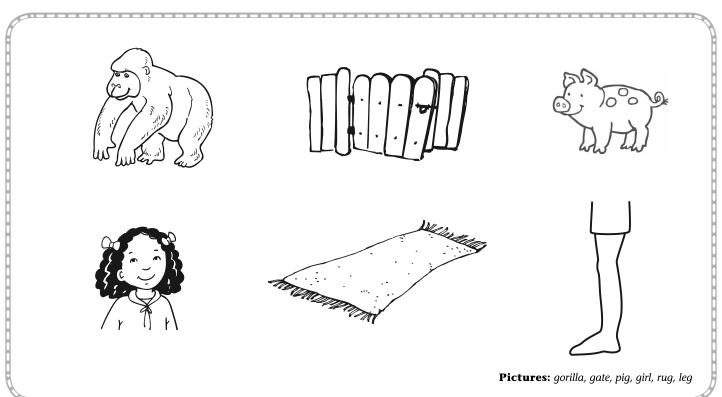
WEEK 3

Home-School Connection

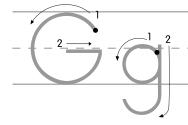
To Parents

This week your child learned that **G** stands for the first sound in **goose** and the last sound in **bug**.





Trace and write the letters.



Name_

WEEK 4

DAY 1 Write Bb, Ff, Gg

Write It!

Trace then write each letter.







Find uppercase **B**, **F**, and **G**. Circle them.

G

X Z

Find lowercase **b**, **f**, and **g**. Circle them.

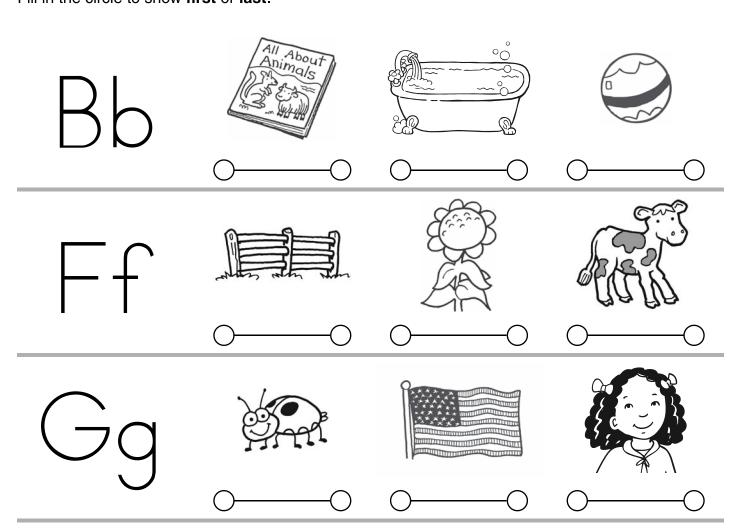
k g m

S X Z

Listen for B, F, G

Listen for It!

Where do you hear the letter sound? Fill in the circle to show first or last.



Read the sentence.

Fill in the circle next to the correct picture.

I like the fish.

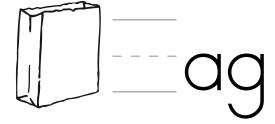


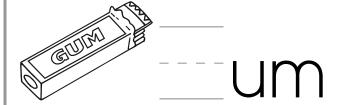


Spell It!

Say each picture name. Write the missing letter.

b f g

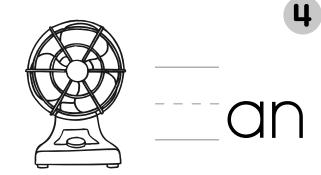




3



pi___



5



el____



Read Words with B, F, G

Read It!

Read the sentence.

Draw a line to the correct picture.

1 I see the bat.



2 I see the cub.



3 I see the fish.



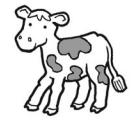
4 I see the calf.



5 I see the goose.



6 I see the pig.



Beginning and Ending

Bb Ff Gg

WEEK 4

Home-School Connection

To Parents

This week your child reviewed beginning and ending sounds for the letters **B**, **F**, and **G**.

Name each picture. Draw a letter sound you hear at the l		Name each picture. Detter sound you hear	Oraw a line to show what at the end .
	9	•	f
	b	•	b
GUITA DE LA COLONIA DE LA COLO	f	•	9
1 2 1	Pictures: flag, ball, gum		Pictures: leg, leaf, web
1 2			
2			

Confirming Understanding

DAY 1

Solids and Liquids

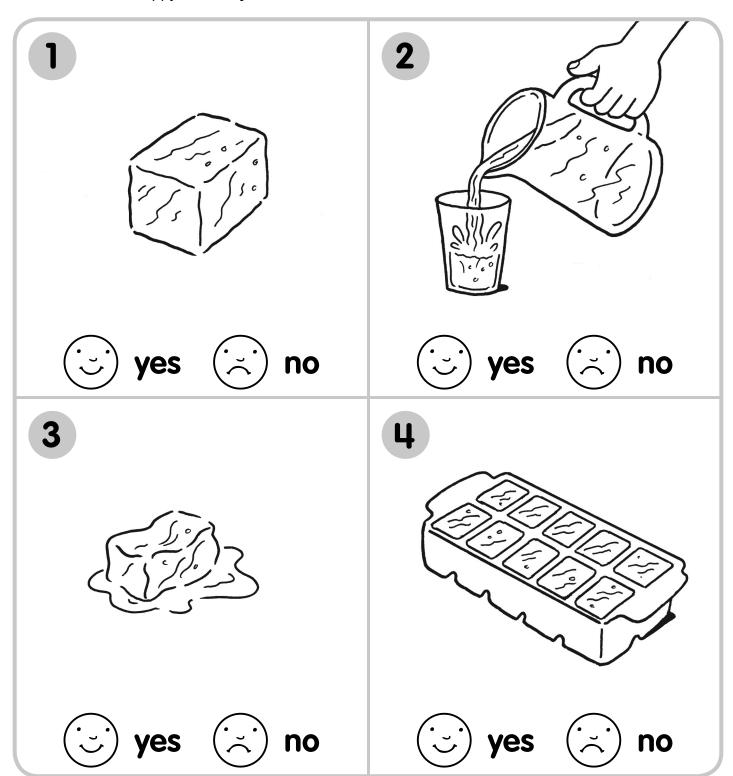






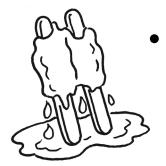
Solids and Liquids

Listen. Color the happy face for yes. Color the sad face for no.

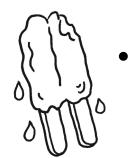


Solids and Liquids

Listen. Then draw a line from the picture to 1, 2, 3, or 4.



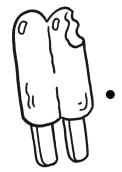




• 2



• 3



• 4

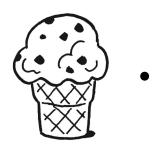
Name_

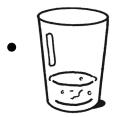
Solids and Liquids

Match the pictures to show what happened.

















What I Learned

What to Do

Ask your child to explain what it means when something is liquid (it flows; it takes the shape of its container) and when something is solid (it keeps its shape). Then look at the pictures with your child and have him or her point out the liquid and solid water.

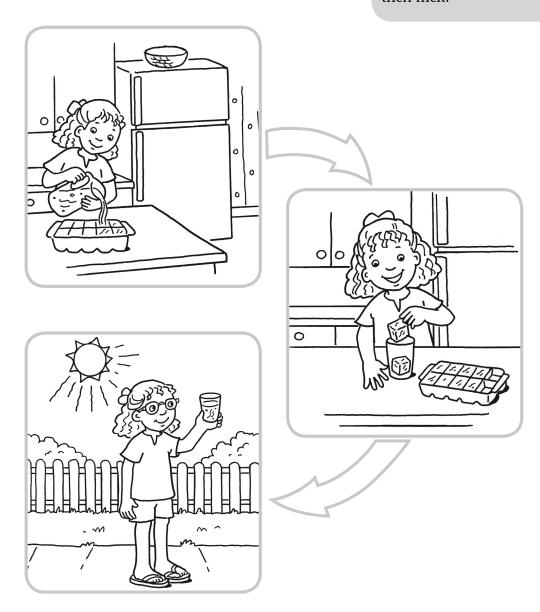
WEEK 3

Home-School Connection

Science Concept: Water can change from a liquid to solid ice and back to liquid again.

To Parents

This week your child learned that some things can freeze solid and then melt.

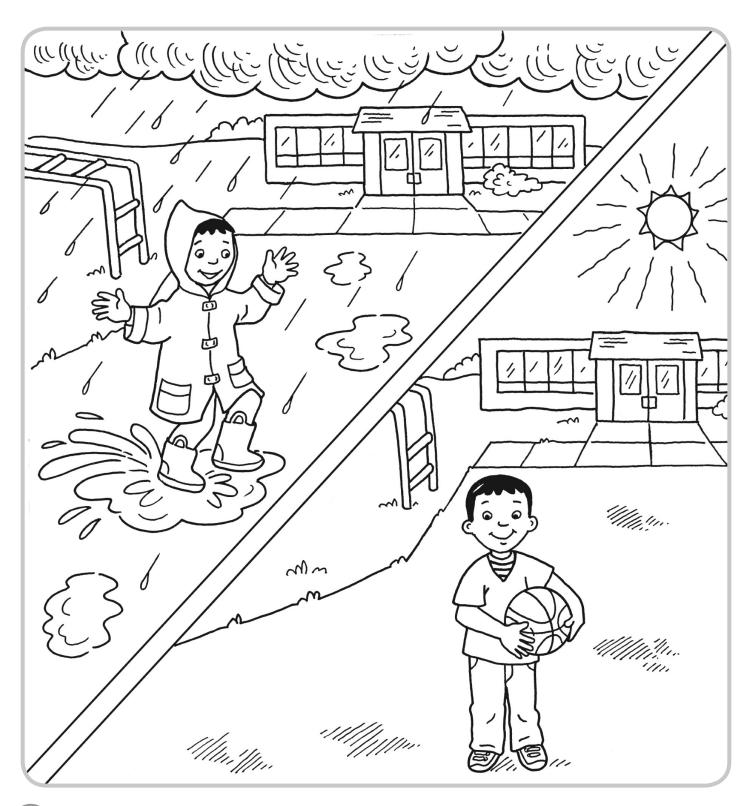


What to Do Next

Help your child conduct a simple experiment to observe ice melting. Take out two plates. Place an ice cube on each plate. Sprinkle one ice cube with salt. Observe which ice cube melts more quickly. Conclusion: Salt melts ice.

Confirming Understanding

Where Did the Water Go?



Name_

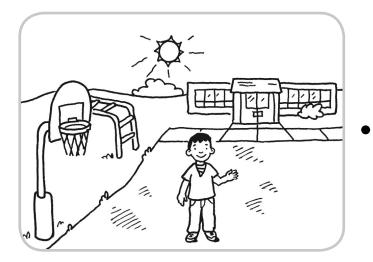
Reinforcing the Concept

Where Did the Water Go?

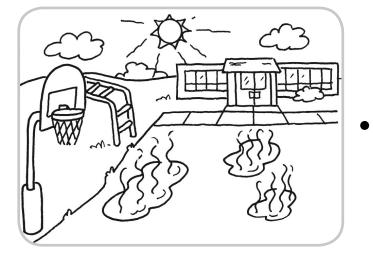
Listen. Then draw a line from the picture to 1, 2, or 3.



•



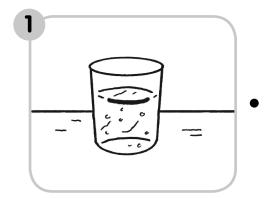
• 2



• 3

Where Did the Water Go?

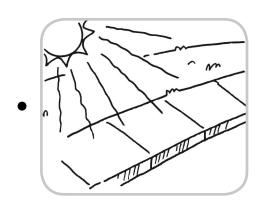
Listen and follow the directions. Draw lines to match.

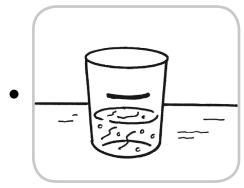
















Where Did the Water Go?

Listen. Then draw a line from the picture to 1, 2, 3, or 4.







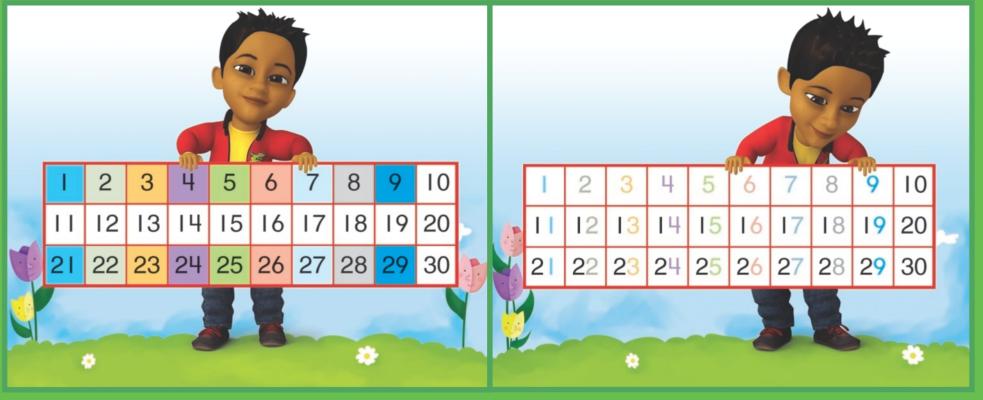
• 2



• 3







'¤ Guided Practice



Ź

	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
П	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	2 7	2ି	2 _	30

Directions Have students: n count aloud all the numbers in the top row. Have them listen to the following numbers in the bottom row, and then draw a circle around the number in the top row and the part of the number in the bottom row that sound alike: twenty-ONE, twenty-TWO, twenty-THREE, twenty-FOUR, twenty-FIVE, twenty-SIX. 2 listen to the following numbers, and then complete the numbers in the chart: twenty-seven, twenty-eight, twenty-nine.



					6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	2_	2_	2_	2_	2_	30



6)

y

I	2	3		5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13		15	16				
21	22	23	2_	25	26	27	28	29	30

Directions Number Sense Have students write the missing numbers, and then explain how they know the numbers are correct. Have students: Count the numbers in the bottom row aloud, and then write the missing numbers as they say them; write the missing numbers in the column, say them aloud, and then explain how the numbers in that column are alike; use the chart to find the missing numbers in the middle row, and then explain how they used the chart.

six hundred twenty-seven **627**

Independent Practice * **





_	2	3	4	5	6		8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16		18	19	20
21	2_	2_	2_	2_	26	2_	28	29	30



8

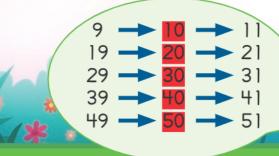
I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12							19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30

Directions Have students: **part write the missing numbers in the column, say them aloud, and then explain how the numbers in that column are alike; **B** count the numbers in the bottom row aloud, and then write the missing numbers as they say them aloud. • Higher Order Thinking Have students write the missing numbers on the chart, count them aloud, and then explain the pattern they hear. Then have them draw a circle around the other number that fits the pattern.



ı	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	

Ι	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31	32	33						39	40
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50





'* Guided Practice





21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
41	42	43	<u> </u>	_5	6	_7	8	9	50

Directions Have students: n count aloud the numbers in the top row. Then have them count all the numbers in the middle row aloud, and draw a circle around the part of the number that sounds the same; 2 complete the numbers in the bottom row as they count the numbers aloud, and then explain how they knew which number to write in the tens place.

Directions Have students: write the missing numbers in the first two rows, and then explain how they found the numbers; color the boxes of the numbers that have 2 in the tens place; find and mark an X on these numbers: thirty-two, forty-four. Vocabulary Have students complete the numbers in the green column, explain the pattern they see in the tens place, and then write the number that is always the same in that column. Have students find the blue boxes on the chart, and then circle the set of numbers that shows the missing numbers.

Topic II | Lesson 2 six hundred thirty-three 633

Independent Practice





I	2			5		7	8	9	
11		13	14	15	16		18	19	
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	





Directions Have students:
write all the missing numbers in the chart, and then explain how they found the numbers; ocolor the boxes of the numbers that have 4 in the tens place; thirty-five, forty-one, forty-eight. # Higher Order Thinking Have students look at the green column, write all the numbers that are in the column, and then explain how they used the number chart to find the answer.